MONTANA

THE BIG SKY COUNTRY

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FEB 17 1970 STATE DOCUMENTS

MONTANA'S GLACIER NATIONAL PARK

OLD WEST TRAIL

LEWIS AND CLARK TRAIL

1970 HIGHWAY MAP

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WELCOME TO THE BIG SKY COUNTRY

FORREST H. ANDERSON,
Governor

Welcome to Montana. We are glad you came and sincerely hope you enjoy your stay with us.

This is the real West—a portion of another America that still remains.

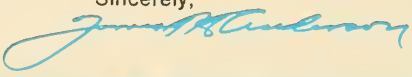
Montana is a land of great variety, and presents the visitor a panorama of the best of nature's design. The contrasts are beguiling. From the silent prairies and mountains to the crash and roar of the mining industry, Montana, we believe, is an unforgettable experience.

We hope you will appreciate the beauty and solitude of our land, and enjoy fishing our streams, hunting our fields and timberlands, skiing our slopes, playing our golf courses and boating on our lakes, and we urge you to see our museums, hell-bent-for-leather rodeos, real Indian celebrations, summer theaters, local fairs and unique shops.

The best thing about Montana is the people. They are as open and friendly as the country, and are ready to do all they can to make your visit pleasant.

Montana is more than a state of the union—it is a state of mind. Enjoy yourself.

Sincerely,



THE TREASURE STATE

MONTANA, the nation's fourth largest state, averages 550 miles in length and 275 miles in width. The Continental Divide runs north and south through the western section. The highest point is Granite Peak, 12,799 feet; the lowest is 1,820 feet on the Kootenai River at the Idaho Line. Climate varies with topography and altitude. Average annual rainfall is 15", varying from a minimum 9.69 to over 100". Average daytime temperatures vary from 28 in January to 84.5 in July.

MONTANA was first seen by French fur-traders in 1743. Lewis and Clark explored the area as part of the Louisiana Purchase in 1805-1806; the first trading post was built in 1807 while the first permanent white settlement was St. Mary's Mission founded in 1841, still standing today. Gold prospectors struck it rich in Bannack in 1862 with later strikes in Virginia City and Helena. The first herd of longhorn cattle was trailed from Texas in 1866. The Indian wars culminated with Custer's Last Stand in 1876 and a year later Chief Joseph surrendered at the Battle of the Bear's Paw.

Today 9 railroads, 12 bus lines and 5 air lines serve Montana; 8,723 miles of paved urban, secondary, primary and interstate highways cross the state.

Vast lands suited to cultivation and grazing, water, minerals and timber are Montana's most valuable resources. The value of income from farms and ranches totals about $550,000,000 annually. Major crops are winter and spring wheat, hay, barley, sugar beets, corn, oats, potatoes, alfalfa seed, mustard seed, flax seed, and beans. Principal livestock is stocker and feeder cattle, dairy cattle and sheep.

Mineral production is about $232,000,000 annually, chiefly from petroleum and copper production. Other leading minerals are sand and gravel, zinc, silver, building stone, lead and gold.

The timber industry contributes approximately $130,000,000 annually. Products include lumber, plywood, pulp and paper, manufactured wood products and over a million Christmas trees. Most of the power in the state is generated hydroelectrically and there are 6 steam generating plants using coal as a fuel source.

Manufacturing in Montana is primarily based on the processing of abundant raw materials; refining of copper, zinc, aluminum and petroleum, production of elemental phosphorus and cement, and wood products manufacture. Sugar refining and flour milling are also important. The annual value of manufacturing approaches $315,000,000.

Wherever you may be in Montana you will find on-the-spot information at a local Chamber of Commerce or Visitor Welcome Center. For additional Vacation information, write to the Advertising Department, Montana State Highway Commission, Helena, Montana 59601.

State Bird
The Western
Meadowlark

State Flower
The Bitterroot

State Gem Stones
upper. . . .Montana Agate
lower. . . .Mont. Sapphire

State Flag with Seal &
Motto "Oro y Plata",
Gold and Silver

State Tree
The Ponderosa Pine

Montana State Library
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MONTANA

BETWEEN GLACIER AND YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARKS

GLACIER

NATIONAL PARK

Glacier National Park was originally Kutenai (Flathead) Indian country. They crossed the Park area from west to east to hunt bison on the plains which they controlled. They were eventually driven west over the mountains by the Blackfeet Indians. They now live on a reservation southwest of the Park, whereas the Blackfeet occupy a reservation adjoining the Park on the east.

The park, lying in a rugged section of the MONTANA Rockies, is named not from the approximately 40 glaciers of today, but because huge Ice Age glaciers carved the rugged scenery of what is now Glacier National Park. Here two hundred glacial lakes stud the valleys or are set like jewels in rocky cirques. Streams of crystal clear water offer good fishing . . . and no fishing license is required. Fields of brilliant mountain wild flowers, cascading waterfalls, sheer cliffs, dense forests, inquisitive bears, friendly marmots and proud mountain goats and mountain sheep make up its changing panorama.

Going-to-the-Sun Road, a spectacular 50-mile drive east and west through the park, crosses the Continental Divide at Logan Pass and traverses the towering Garden Wall. Much of the park is accessible easily by car and nearly a thousand miles of trails lead deep into untouched wilderness or to isolated chalets. Some of the glaciers are visible from the roads; others are easily accessible on foot or horseback. Saddle horses are available; riding experience is unnecessary.

Warm sunny days and cool starry nights are the rule through the summer. Early season visitors find waterfalls at their most glorious and mountain peaks still covered with winter snows. In the fall, deciduous trees display brilliant colors and highest peaks glisten with their first white dusting of snow.

Going-to-the-Sun Road, open about the first week in June, remains open well into October. All year around accommodations are conveniently located on the park's fringes. Accommodations in the park are available from about June 10 to September 10.

This million acre alpine wonderland, often termed "The Crown of the Continent," was established by Congress as a national park on May 11, 1910, and is the United States section of the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

Photo: Glacier Park Co.

Photo: Yellowstone Park Co.

YELLOWSTONE

NATIONAL PARK

Three of the five entrances to Yellowstone, the largest and oldest of all the national parks, are in Montana: (1) the north entrance at Gardiner is reached by the historic Yellowstone River route through beautiful Paradise Valley and Yankee Jim Canyon. (2) the northeast entrance is reached by the spectacular Beartooth Highway which climbs via a series of amazing switchbacks to nearly 11,000 feet in Montana's rugged Beartooth Mountains. (3) West Yellowstone, Montana, gives entrance to Yellowstone National Park on the west . . . reached by two scenic highways along the picturesque Gallatin River and the world-famed Madison River . . . the trout fisherman's paradise . . . the river which feeds earthquake-created Quake Lake.

Yellowstone National Park was first discovered by a frontiersman, John Colter, in the winter of 1807-08, but his friends refused to believe the tales of the fantastic land he had seen. Twenty years later, Jim Bridger, a rugged Montana trapper and scout, gave similar descriptions of the area, and eventually explored the Yellowstone country extensively.

Often termed "nature's wonderland," Yellowstone is renowned for spouting geysers, brilliant pools, bubbling mud caldrons, mountains, canyons, streams and lakes, forest and waterfalls . . . 2,221,000 acres of scenic beauty. Park wildlife includes buffalo, moose, elk, deer, antelope, bighorn sheep and—favorite of all—the grizzly and black bear. Fishing is good in the park waters, no fishing license is required. Please contact park rangers for special information on fishing.

Snowmobile trips into the Park operate from mid-December to mid-March from West Yellowstone, Montana, and Mammoth, Wyoming.

Congress established Yellowstone National Park on March 1, 1872, after the Washburn-Doane Expedition, headed by H. D. Washburn, Surveyor-General of Montana.

Accommodations are available all year at Mammoth Motor Inn and at the Montana entrances and from about May 1 to October 31 in the interior of the park.

Photo 1 . . . The Mission Mountains of Western Montana provide the Spring backdrop for Montana's famed beef cattle *R. Larson*

Photo 2 . . . The C. M. Russell Gallery in Great Falls exhibits an outstanding collection of original oils and bronzes of Montana artist, Charlie Russell. *C. Wunderwald*

Photo 3 . . . Spring in the Big Sky Country brings new beauty, new color, new activity as the snows recede and the Crazy Mountains are their most glorious. *B. Van Cleve*

Photo 4 . . . The Bighorn Canyon in South Central Montana is the state's newest National Recreation Area. Backing up behind Yellowtail Dam is a 71-mile lake with a 190 mile scenic shoreline *Bureau of Reclamation*

Photo 5 . . . There's a rodeo every day during the summer season in Montana, such as the annual Last Chance Stampede in Helena *B. Browning*

Photo 6 . . . Canyon Ferry Reservoir is another of Montana's scenic lake recreation areas not far from Helena, the capital city. *B. Browning*

Photo 7 . . . Montana vacationers enjoy riding, hiking, swimming, boating and all the other outdoor adventures of the state's many Dude and Guest Ranches *B. Van Cleve*

Photo 8 . . . Lewis and Clark Caverns, Montana's leading State Park, are the largest limestone caves in the northwest. *B. Browning*

Photo 9 . . . Montana Ski Area such as The Big Mountain offer excellent powder snow and uncrowded slopes for novice or expert. *Great Northern Railway*

Photo 10 . . . Autumn adds its own special splendor to the Big Sky Country. Colors become vivid, the air is crisp and clean as Indian Summer welcomes travelers to the Bitterroot Valley. *E. Peterson*

Photo 11 . . . Winter in the Big Sky Country lends its magic touch to this scene at Skalkaho Creek in Western Montana. *E. Peterson*

Photo 12 . . . Wintertime is Funtime under the Big Sky during the Annual Winter Carnival at Whitefish. *Highway Commission*

Photo 13 . . . Montana is where the snowmobile action is scenic-marked trails and exciting rallies such as this one near Livingston call outdoor enthusiasts of all ages *B. Browning*

Photo 14 . . . "Call of the Bugle" J. K. Ralston Original Oil Painting on display at the Custer Battlefield Visitor Center. *K. Reuben*

Photo 15 . . . Rock Creek is one of Montana's Blue Ribbon Trout Streams . . . here especially lively for the Fall Fisherman. *D. Wright*

Photo 16 . . . Pronghorn Antelope are a familiar Autumn sight in Eastern Montana *Highway Commission*

MONTANA

STATE PARKS and MONUMENTS

Letter and numeral following name of each area refer to location on map (reverse side)

Ashley Lake State Park. B-2
Banneck State Monument. G-3
*Bitterroot Lake State Park. B-2
*Canyon Ferry Recreation Area E-5
Chief Joseph's Battlefield of the Bear's Paw B-7
Chief Plenty Coups Memorial State Monument. G-8
*Clark Canyon Reservoir Recreation Area. H-3
Deadman's Basin Recreation Area. E-7
Elmo Recreation Area. C-2
Ennis Recreation Area. G-5
*Finley Point State Park. C-2
*Flathead Lake State Park. C-2
Fort Owen State Monument. E-2
Hell Creek State Park C-10 (inquire locally)
*Hooper State Park. D-4
Indian Caves State Monument. F-8
*James Kipp State Park. C-6
*Lake Mary Ronan State Park. C-2
*Lewis and Clark Caverns State Park F-5
*Logan State Park B-1
Lone Pine State Park. B-2
Lost Creek State Park F-3
Madison Buffalo Jump. F-5
Makoshika State Park. D-12
Medicine Rocks State Park. F-12
Missouri River Headwaters State Monument F-5
Missouri River Recreation Waterway. B-6, 7
Nelson Reservoir Recreation Area. B-9
Painted Rocks Lake Recreation Area F-2
Rock Creek State Park. C-10
*Thompson Falls State Park. C-1
Tiber Dam State Park. B-5
*Wayfarers Recreation Area. B-2
*West Shore State Park. C-2
*Whitefish Lake State Park. B-2
Woods Bay State Park B-2
*Yellow Bay State Park C-2

*Campground fee $1 per night, $10 per season

NATIONAL MONUMENTS

Custer Battlefield F-9
Big Hole Battlefield. F-3

NATIONAL RECREATION AREA

Bighorn Canyon, Yellowtail Dam. G-8

SPRING N SUMMER & WINTER S AUTUMN

FOUR SEASON VACATION LAND

FISHING and HUNTING

Montana provides excellent hunting and fishing plus an opportunity to float on some of the nation's most outstanding streams. You'll find a variety of sport fish in the Missouri, Yellowstone, Kootenai and Clark Fork Rivers, their many tributaries and lakes. You'll hunt game or birds in 11 national forests and 8 wilderness areas. A $1 non-resident conservation license is prerequisite for all other licenses. Non-residents may purchase 1-day, 6-day or season fishing license. The non-resident hunting and fishing license includes 2 deer, 1 elk, 1 black bear, upland birds and privilege to enter drawing for sheep, goats, antelope and moose. For additional information write Montana Fish and Game Department, Helena, Montana 59601

LEWIS and CLARK CAVERNS STATE PARK

LEWIS and CLARK CAVERNS are the largest limestone caves in the northwest. Located between Yellowstone and Glacier National Parks they provide more variety of typical cavern formations than any other single group of caverns in the nation. They are electrically lighted, safe and comfortable to visit. Natural air-conditioning maintains a year-around temperature of 46 degrees and well constructed walks lead throughout the caverns. Guided tours last 90 minutes. Admission (including jeep railway and tram ride) is $1 for adults; 50c for children 6 through 12 years. Daily Tours:
May 1 - June 15, Labor Day - Sept. 30: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m.
June 15 - Labor Day 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Free picnicking. Camping $1 nightly, $10 season.

NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS

Bannack Montana's First Territorial Capital
Butte . . . the Richest Hill on Earth
Camp Disappointment . . . 12 mi. n.e. of Browning (Northernmost point reached by Lewis - Clark Expedition)
Charles M. Russell Original Studio, Great Falls
Fort Benton . . . Missouri River Historic Navigation Port
Lewis and Clark 1805 Portage, Great Falls
Lolo Trail, Lolo National Forest
Missouri River Headwaters State Monument
Pictograph Indian Caves, Billings
Pompeys Pillar, northeast of Billings (Captain William Clark carved his name here in 1806)
Travelers Rest, Missoula County (Where Lewis and Clark parted on return journey, 1806)
Virginia City Montana's Second Territorial Capital

ENJOY MONTANA RADIO AS YOU TRAVEL

CITY		DIAL
Anaconda	KANA	580 Kc
Baker	KFLN	960 Kc
Belgrade	KGVW	630 Kc
	KGVW-FM	96.7 mc
Billings	KBMY	1240 Kc
	KGHL	790 Kc
	KOOK	970 Kc
	KOYN	910 Kc
	KURL	730 Kc
	KURL-FM	97.1 mc
Bozeman	KBMN	1230 Kc
	KXXL	1450 Kc
Butte	KBOW	550 Kc
	KXLF	1370 Kc
Deer Lodge	KDRG	1400 Kc
Dillon	KDBM	1490 Kc
Glasgow	KLTZ	1240 Kc
Glendive	KGLE	590 Kc
	KXGN	1400 Kc
Great Falls	KAPR	1400 Kc
	KARR-FM	106.3 mc
	KKGF	1310 Kc
	KMON	560 Kc
	KUDI	1450 Kc

CITY		DIAL
Hamilton	KLYQ	980 Kc
Hardin	KHDN	1230 Kc
Havre	KOJM	610 Kc
Helena	KBLL	1240 Kc
	KCAP	1340 Kc
	KGEZ	600 Kc
Kelispell	KOFI	930 Kc
	KXLO	1230 Kc
Lewistown	KLCB	1230 Kc
Libby	KPRK	1340 Kc
Livingston	KATL	1340 Kc
Miles City	KGMY	1450 Kc
Missoula	KGVO	1290 Kc
	KUFM-FM	88.1 mc
	KYLT	1340 Kc
	KYSS	910 Kc
Plentywood	KPWD-FM	100.1 mc
Red Lodge	KRBN	1450 Kc
Shelby	KSEN	1150 Kc
Sidney	KGCX	1480 Kc
West Yellowstone	KWYS	920 Kc
Wolf Point	KVCK	1450 Kc

MONTANA HIGHWAYS

INTERSTATE HIGHWAYS
- Multilane Divided-Controlled Access
- Two Lane-Limited Access
- Full Traffic Interchange
- Partial Traffic Interchange
- Access Denied

PRINCIPAL HIGHWAYS
- Multilane Divided
- Two Lanes Paved
- Improved-Gravelled
- Unsurfaced (Local inquiry may save time)

OTHER HIGHWAYS
- Two Lanes Paved
- Improved-Gravelled
- Unsurfaced (Local inquiry may save time)

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ROUTE MARKERS
- Interstate Marker
- U.S. Numbered Marker
- Lewis and Clark Trail
- State Route Marker
- Other Route Marker

Abbreviations
A = Alternate
BR = Business
BYP or Bypass
N = North
S = South
E = East
W = West

MISCELLANEOUS
- Accumulated Mileage between Red Stars
- Intermunicipal Mileage between towns, junctions or interchanges
- Points of Interest, Numbers described to left of map
- Winter Sports Areas
- State Parks, Monuments, Recreation Areas
- Campsites, Rest Areas
- Port of Entry International
- Cities or Towns, County Seats, State Capital

STATE CAPITAL-HELENA

12,000-30,000 — Havre
30,000 and over — Billings

Under 1,000 — Center
1,000-2,500 — Ashton
2,500-10,000 — Livingston

One inch represents approximately 22 miles.

Mountain Standard Time:
Mountain Daylight Time 2:00 a.m. last Sunday in April to 2:00 a.m. last Sunday in October.

TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND SAFETY RULES
PLEASE DRIVE CAREFULLY

1. Montana speed limits: Daylight—reasonable and prudent speed. Night 65 miles per hour on completed sections of the Interstate System, and 55 miles per hour during the hours and on sections not posted on all other highways, except where posted and posted. Trucks in excess of 8 000 pounds gross weight 60 miles per hour. Vehicles towing house trailers—60 miles per hour. Speed limit on roads under construction—50 miles per hour.

2. Motorcycles are to be operated with lights on at all times when operated on any public highway or street. Not more than two motorcycles shall be operated side by side in a single traffic lane.

3. Abandoning vehicles—No vehicle shall be parked or left standing for a period longer than 2 days (48 hours) on the right of way of any public highway, or 5 days (120 hours) on any city street, state, or county or city property.

4. Vehicles entering main highways must yield right-of-way.

5. Proper signal must be given when passing another vehicle, changing direction, stopping or slowing down on the highway. Hand signals or electrical turn indicators are legal.

6. Never drive at a speed greater than that at which you can stop in the clear road visible ahead. Slow down at night or when the road is wet or icy.

7. When approaching another car either front or rear, dim your lights.

8. Don't stop or park on the highway; pull out on the shoulder.

9. Accidents resulting in death, personal injury, or property damage of an apparent extent of $100 or more requires immediate notification to Sheriff, Police or Highway Patrol by quickest means of communication. This notice must be followed by a written report to Montana Highway Patrol Board, Helena, Montana within ten days.

10. When approaching school busses loading or unloading school children, drivers must stop and not proceed until school bus resumes motion.

11. Littering upon or near highway prohibited. Punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both.

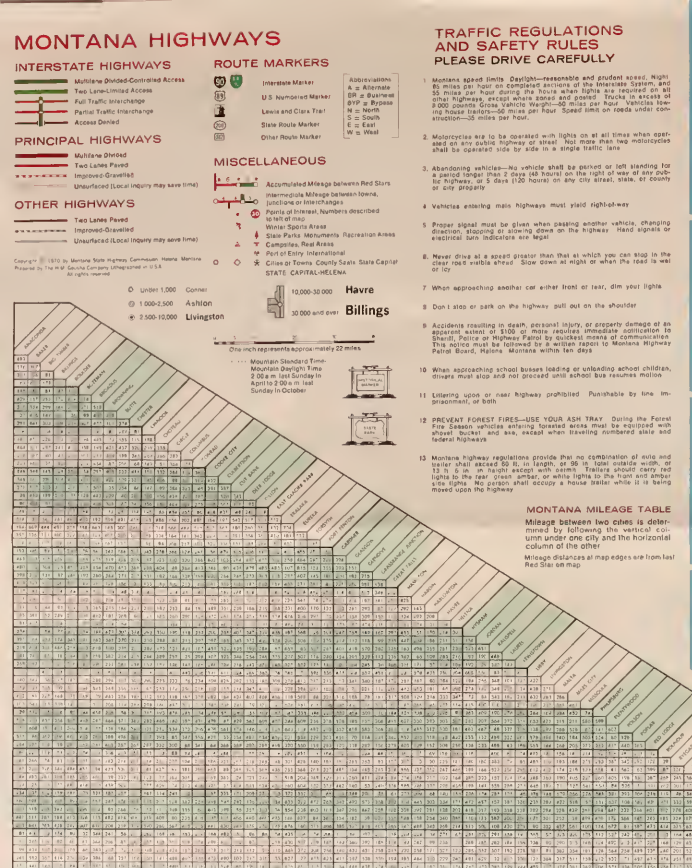
12. PREVENT FOREST FIRES—USE YOUR ASH TRAY. During the Forest Fire Season vehicles entering forested areas must be equipped with shovel, bucket and axe, except when traveling numbered state and federal highways.

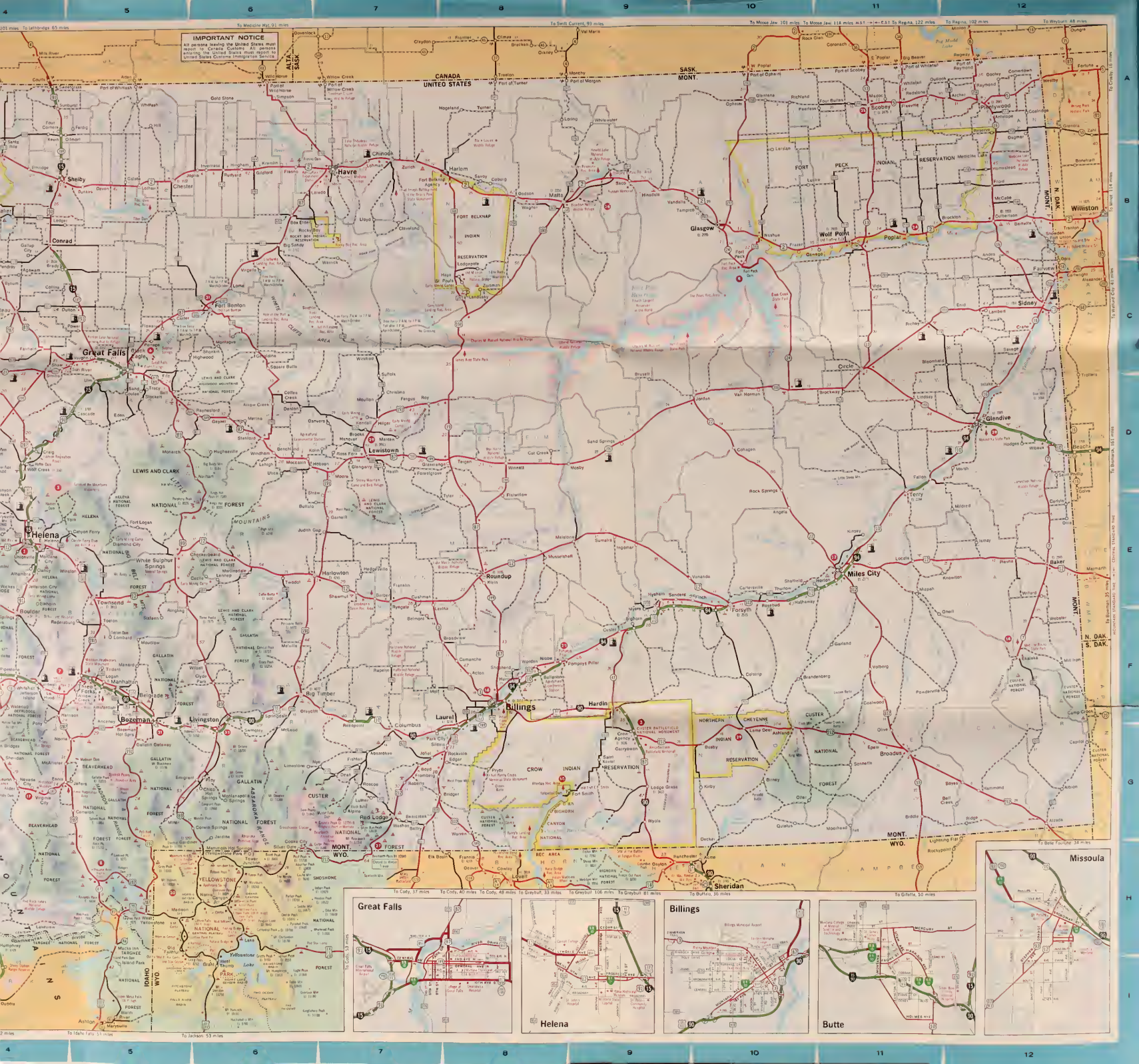
13. Montana highway regulations provide that no combination of auto and trailer shall exceed 50 ft. in length, or 96 in. total outside width, or 13 ft. 6 in. in height, except that trailers should carry red lights to the rear, green, amber, or white lights to the front and amber side lights. No person shall occupy a house trailer while it is being moved upon the highway.

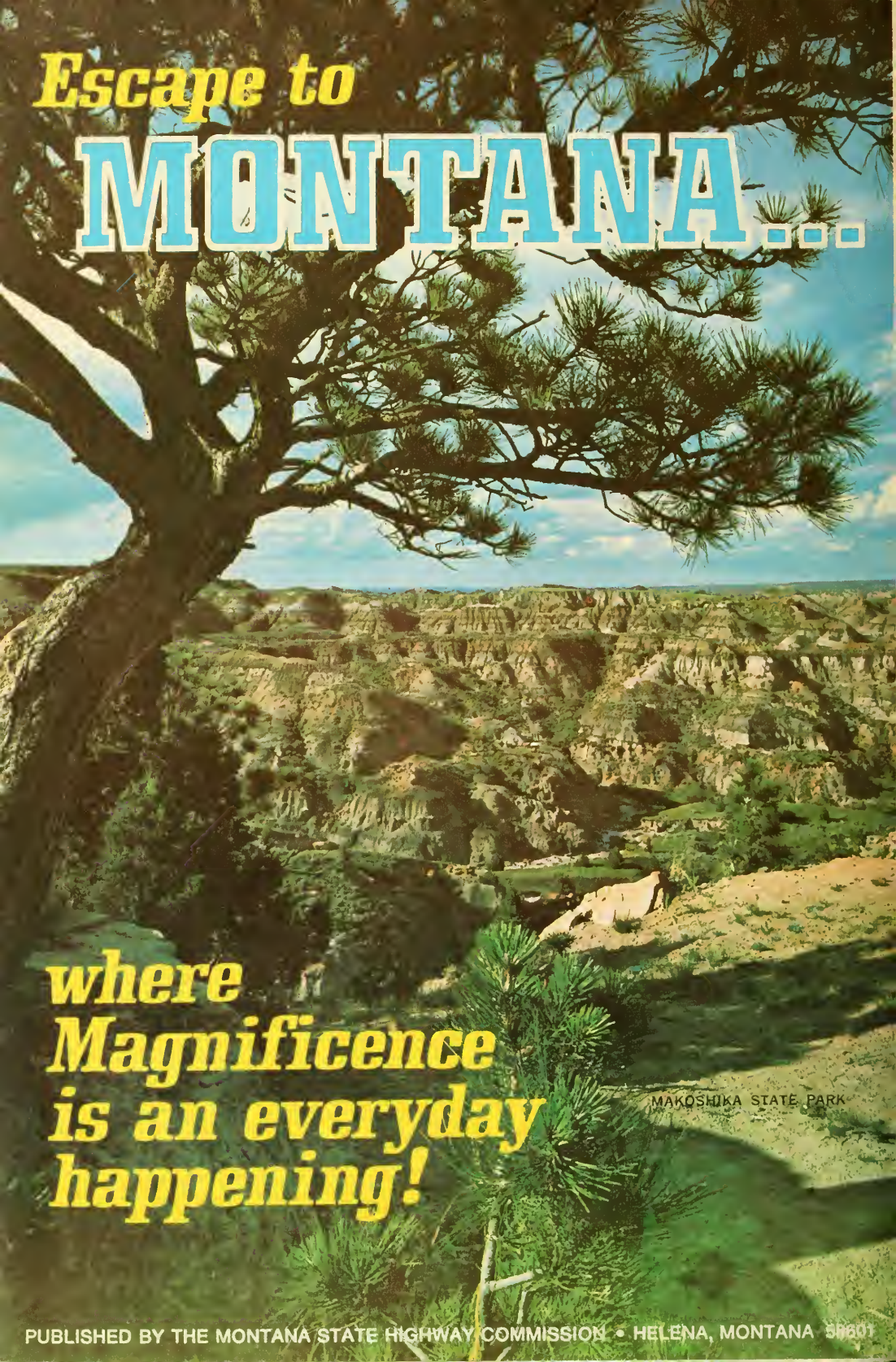
MONTANA MILEAGE TABLE

Mileage between two cities is determined by following the vertical column under one city and the horizontal column of the other.

Mileage distances at map edges are from last Red Star on map.


To Cranbrook, 65 miles
PACIFIC STANDARD TIME
MOUNTAIN STANDARD TIME
To Edmonton, 395 miles
To Calgary, 201 miles
To Lethbridge, 65 miles
To Spokane, 132 miles
To Spokane, 111 miles
To Arco, 137 miles
To Terraton, 33 miles
To Idaho Falls, 52 miles
To Idaho Falls, 53 miles
Cardston
Waterton-Glacier
Chief Mountain
Port of Piegan International
Port of Whitlash
Del Bonita
Port of Roosville
Eureka
Rexford
Trego
Libby
Troy
Yaak
Yaak
Yaak
Fortine
Stryker
Whitefish
Columbia Falls
Kalispell
Creston
Somers
Polson
Ronan
Pablo
Arlee
Dixon
Hot Springs
Thompson Falls
Plains
Paradise
Perma
Superior
Alberton
Frenchtown
Missoula
Milltown
Bonner
Potomac
Greenough
Clinton
Lolo
Lolo Hot Spring
Stevensville
Florence
Hamilton
Darby
Sula
Conner
Connor
Lost Trail Pass
Sula
Wisdom
Wise River
Dell
Jackson
Polaris
Dillon
Grant
Melrose
Twin Bridges
Sheridan
Ennis
Virginia City
Alder
Harrison
Whitehall
Cardwell
Norris
Three Forks
Manhattan
Belgrade
Bozeman
Gallatin Gateway
Big Sky
Hebgen Lake
West Yellowstone
Yellowstone National Park
Gardiner
Cooke City
Silver Gate
Red Lodge
Roberts
Joliet
Fromberg
Bridger
Belfry
Edgar
Rockvale
Laurel
Park City
Billings
Shepherd
Huntley
Worden
Ballantine
Pompeys Pillar
Custer
Hysham
Forsyth
Rosebud
Miles City
Ismay
Broadus
Powderville
Ekalaka
Baker
Plevna
Circle
Jordan
Glasgow
Nashua
Opheim
Scobey
Whitlash
Cut Bank
Shelby
Valier
Conrad
Choteau
Dupuyer
Pendroy
Agawam
Bynum
Collins
Gallup
Dutton
Brady
Power
Vaughn
Great Falls
Sun River
Cascade
Craig
Wolf Creek
Augusta
Lincoln
Helena
Canyon Ferry
Diamond City
Townsend
Toston
Radersburg
Boulder
Whitehall
Deer Lodge
Philipsburg
Anaconda
Opportunity
Rocker
Butte
Melrose
Dillon
Salmon
Leadore
Lemhi
Tendoy
Baker
Cobalt
Carmen
Leesburg
Shoup
N Fork
Challis
Clayton
Stanley
Grant
Ruby City
Ruby Dam
Sheridan
Virginia City
Alder
Harrison
Whitehall
Cardwell
Norris
Three Forks
Manhattan
Belgrade
Bozeman
Gallatin Gateway
Big Sky
Hebgen Lake
West Yellowstone
Yellowstone National Park
Gardiner
Cooke City
Silver Gate
Red Lodge
Roberts
Joliet
Fromberg
Bridger
Belfry
Edgar
Rockvale
Laurel
Park City
Billings
Shepherd
Huntley
Worden
Ballantine
Pompeys Pillar
Custer
Hysham
Forsyth
Rosebud
Miles City
Ismay
Broadus
Powderville
Ekalaka
Baker
Plevna
Circle
Jordan
Glasgow
Nashua
Opheim
Scobey
Whitlash
Cut Bank
Shelby
Valier
Conrad
Choteau
Dupuyer
Pendroy
Agawam
Bynum
Collins
Gallup
Dutton
Brady
Power
Vaughn
Great Falls
Sun River
Cascade
Craig
Wolf Creek
Augusta
Lincoln
Helena
Canyon Ferry
Diamond City
Townsend
Toston
Radersburg
Boulder
Whitehall
Deer Lodge
Philipsburg
Anaconda
Opportunity
Rocker
Butte
Melrose
Dillon
Salmon
Leadore
Lemhi
Tendoy
Baker
Cobalt
Carmen
Leesburg
Shoup
N Fork
Challis
Clayton
Stanley
Grant
Ruby City
Ruby Dam
Kootenai National Forest
Flathead National Forest
Lolo National Forest
Helena National Forest
Beaverhead National Forest
Deerlodge National Forest
Gallatin National Forest
Custer National Forest
Cabinet Mountains
Mission Mountains
Swan Range
Whitefish Range
Salish Mountains
Purcell Mountains
Cabinet Range
Garnet Range
Flint Creek Range
Pioneer Mountains
Tobacco Root Mountains
Madison Range
Gallatin Range
Absaroka Range
Beartooth Mountains
Crazy Mountains
Big Belt Mountains
Bridger Range
Little Belt Mountains
Castle Mountains
Snowcrest Range
Lemhi Range
Beaverhead Mountains
Centennial Mountains
Continental Divide
Rocky Mountain Front
Sweetgrass Hills
Bears Paw Mountains
Little Rocky Mountains
Judith Mountains
Highwood Mountains
Big Snowy Mountains
Little Snowy Mountains
Musselshell Range
Pryor Mountains
Wolf Mountains
Rosebud Mountains
Sheep Mountains
Tongue River Reservoir
Bighorn Lake
Fort Peck Reservoir
Nelson Reservoir
Hungry Horse Reservoir
Flathead Lake
Kerr Dam
Thompson Falls Dam
Noxon Rapids Dam
Cabinet Gorge Dam
Libby Dam
Libby Reservoir
Koocanusa Reservoir
Clark Fork River
Kootenai River
Yaak River
Bull River
Fisher River
Tobacco River
Swan River
Flathead River
South Fork Flathead River
Middle Fork Flathead River
North Fork Flathead River
Blackfoot River
Bitterroot River
Rock Creek
Clearwater River
Big Blackfoot River
Little Blackfoot River
Dearborn River
Sun River
Missouri River
Marias River
Milk River
Musselshell River
Yellowstone River
Boulder River
Stillwater River
Clarks Fork Yellowstone River
Bighorn River
Tongue River
Powder River
Little Powder River
Rosebud Creek
Big Horn River
Little Bighorn River
Pryor Creek
Yellowtail Dam
Bighorn Lake
Custer Battlefield National Monument
Chief Joseph Battleground
Big Hole National Battlefield
Lewis and Clark Caverns State Park
Missouri Headwaters State Park
Madison Buffalo Jump State Park
Lewis and Clark Trail
Yellowstone National Park
Glacier National Park
Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park
Flathead Indian Reservation
Blackfeet Indian Reservation
Fort Belknap Indian Reservation
Fort Peck Indian Reservation
Crow Indian Reservation
Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation
Rocky Boy's Indian Reservation
Flathead Lake
Whitefish Lake
Swan Lake
Seeley Lake
Salmon Lake
Placid Lake
Lake Helena
Georgetown Lake
Hebgen Lake
Quake Lake
Ennis Lake
Madison Lake
Hyalite


IMPORTANT NOTICE
All persons leaving the United States must report to Canada Customs. All persons entering the United States must report to United States Customs Immigration Service.
CANADA
UNITED STATES
ALTA.
SASK.
SASK.
MONT.
Great Falls
Havre
Chinook
Harlem
Malta
Glasgow
Wolf Point
Poplar
Scobey
Williston
Sidney
Glendive
Circle
Miles City
Baker
Terry
Forsyth
Roundup
Lewistown
Fort Benton
Conrad
Shelby
Chester
Helena
Townsend
Boulder
Bozeman
Livestock
Belgrade
Big Timber
Billings
Laurel
Hardin
Sheridan
Broadus
Ekalaka
Baker
Beach
Fairview
Culbertson
Scobey
Whitefish
Kalispell
Libby
Eureka
Troy
Thompson Falls
Missoula
Butte
Dillon
Ennis
Virginia City
Lewis and Clark National Forest
Helena National Forest
Gallatin National Forest
Custer National Forest
Beaverhead National Forest
Flathead National Forest
Kootenai National Forest
Lolo National Forest
Bitterroot National Forest
Deerlodge National Forest
Yellowstone National Park
Glacier National Park
Fort Belknap Indian Reservation
Fort Peck Indian Reservation
Rocky Boy Indian Reservation
Crow Indian Reservation
Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation
Custer Battlefield National Monument
Pompeys Pillar
Charles M. Russell National Wildlife Refuge
Fort Peck Dam
Fort Peck Lake
Missouri River
Yellowstone River
Milk River
Marias River
Judith Gap
Big Snowy Mts.
Little Belt Mts.
Crazy Mts.
Bridger Mts.
Gallatin Range
Absaroka Range
Beartooth Mts.
Pryor Mts.
Wolf Mts.
Big Horn Mts.
Great Falls
Helena
Billings
Butte
Missoula
To Medicine Hat, 91 miles
To Swift Current, 93 miles
To Moose Jaw, 101 miles
To Moose Jaw, 114 miles M.S.T.
To Regina, 122 miles
To Regina, 102 miles
To Weyburn, 48 miles
To Lethbridge, 65 miles
To Cody, 37 miles
To Cody, 40 miles
To Cody, 48 miles
To Greybull, 33 miles
To Greybull, 106 miles
To Greybull, 81 miles
To Buffalo, 36 miles
To Gillette, 50 miles
To Idaho Falls, 51 miles
To Jackson, 53 miles
To Bismarck, 161 miles
To Watford City, 41 miles
To Crosby, 16 miles
To Almont, 114 miles
To Bemidji, 35 miles
To Bele Fourche, 34 miles



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